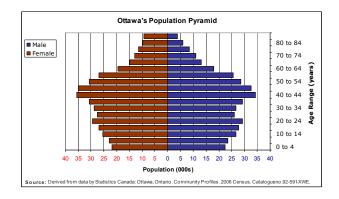


The transforming labour market: What you need to know

The shape of the population pyramid (right) tells the story — Ottawa's labour market is changing:

- retiring baby boomers put employers at risk of sudden and considerable reductions in their existing workforces
- access to skilled workers from traditional labour pools will become a greater challenge with every passing year



These are some key aspects of the shift business leaders can expect:

5%	The average amount by which the annual pool of labour market entrants is shrinking in Ottawa ¹
24%	The proportion of Canada's employers indicating difficulty in filling positions during this recession ²
Negative	The rate of Canadian labour force growth by 2011 (net of immigration) ³
69%	The proportion of North American companies indicating that building leadership talent is a significant challenge 4
5,600	How many federal public service employees are expected to retire annually by the peak of the wave in 2013 ⁵

The recession presents business leaders with a clear priority: survival. But downturns end, and recoveries are not always slow — these are the some of the signs of where our economy, and labour market, is going:

2.9%	The expected growth rate for the Canadian economy in 2010 ⁶
84%	The proportion of CEOs who anticipate increasing or maintaining their present staffing levels ⁷
4.4%	How much lower the unemployment rate is for Ottawa than for Ontario overall ⁸
92,000	The number of full time jobs filled in September ⁹
15%	The proportion of recessionary job losses already regained this year ¹⁰
3 Quarters	How long the hiring outlook has been positive for Ottawa and Canada ¹¹
90%	The proportion of businesses expecting to maintain or increase the size of their IT staff this quarter (a key leading indicator) ¹²
4 Points	The most recent increase in the Conference Board's Help Wanted Index for Ontario ¹³
Jobless	What the Canadian economic recovery is NOT expected to be ¹⁴
Masking	The recession's effect in terms of demographic shifts and longer-term talent shortages ¹⁵

Ottawa has a rich pool of highly skilled talent that remains largely untapped — these are some of its key characteristics:

4,853	The average number of immigrants who come to Ottawa every year ¹⁶
83.4%	The annual proportion of immigrants joining Ottawa's labour force with a university degree 17
9%	The annual proportion of working age immigrants coming to Ottawa with a graduate degree 18
8%	How much higher unemployment is among very recent immigrants (landed in past 5 years) than for non-immigrants 19
58%	The proportion of recent immigrants who are NOT working in their intended occupation ²⁰

References:

- ⁴ IBM Global Business Services
- ⁵ Government of Canada, Policy Research Initiative
- ⁶ The Conference Board of Canada
- 7 The Executive Committee
- 8 Statistics Canada
- 9 Statistics Canada
- 10 Ibid.
- ¹¹ Manpower Inc.
- 12 Financial Post
- ¹³ The Conference Board of Canada
- 14 CIBC World Markets Inc.
- ¹⁵ Financial Post Magazine
- ¹⁶ Citizenship and Immigration Canada
- 17 Statistics Canada
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Statistics Canada

Manpower Public Sector

³ Statistics Canada